enzynomics

*n*Taq-Pure

Cat.#	Size	Conc.
P025P	250 units	5 units/μl
P050P	500 units	5 units/μl

Store at -20℃

Supplied with: 10X *n*Taq Buffer (Mg^{2+} plus)
dNTP Mixture (2 mM each)
Sterile water

India Contact:

Life Technologies (India) Pvt. Ltd.
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Product description

*n*Taq-Pure is a highly purified polymerase especially for PCR reactions where freedom from bacterial genomic DNA is essential. A gene encoding the Thermus aquaticus (Taq) DNA polymerase was cloned and expressed in *E. coli*, and the enzyme was purified to homogeneity. The purified Taq polymerase (*n*Taq) has optimal activity at high temperatures (72℃), which helps amplify secondary-structured regions. *n*Taq has greatly reduced activity of 5'→3' exonuclease activity. As a result, formation of erroneously amplified products caused by the 5'→3' exonuclease activity of wild type polymerase is effectively prevented. In addition, *n*Taq-Pure was purified by state of the art technology for minimizing the *E. coli* genomic DNA contamination. PCR product was not detected after 40 cycles of amplification using *E. coli* 16S RNA primer

Characteristics

- Absolutely free from *E. coli* genomic DNA contamination
- Enhanced sensitivity
- Molecular weight: 94 kDa
- Error rate: 2.4 X 10^{-5}
- Thermal stability: Half life of 40 min at 95℃
- A-tail formation at 3' ends of amplified duplex DNA

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

ISO9001 ISO14001 ISO13485

Applications

- Standard / General PCR
- PCR with bacterial DNA
- *E. coli* contamination studies
- Microbial (i.e. 16S/23S) screening studies
- Forensic studies
- PCR cloning
- RT-PCR

Quality control

- Purity: >99% on SDS-PAGE
- Endonuclease-free
- Exonuclease-free
- RNase-free
- Inhibitor-free

Unit definition

One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to incorporate 10 nmol of dNTP into acid insoluble materials in 30 min at 74℃ in a 50 μl reaction mixture (20 mM Tris-HCl/pH 8.8, 50 mM KCl, 2.5 mM $MgCl_2$, 10 mM β-mercaptoethanol, 12.5 μg of calf thymus DNA).

Storage buffer

20 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.9), 100 mM KCl, 0.1 mM EDTA,
1 mM DTT, 0.5% NP-40, 0.5% Tween-20, 50% glycerol.

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Standard PCR conditions

- PCR mixture[a]

10X *n*Taq Buffer (Mg^{2+} plus)	2 μl
*n*Taq-Pure DNA Polymerase[b] (5 units/μl)	0.2 μl
dNTP Mixture (2 mM each)	2 μl
Template DNA[c] (0.1~500 ng/μl)	1 μl
Primer 1 (5 pmole/μl)	1 μl
Primer 2 (5 pmole/μl)	1 μl
Sterile water	up to 20 μl
[a]Assemble the reaction mixture on ice	
[b]Add the PCR polymerase at the final step	
[c]Plasmid DNA, 0.1 ng~30 ng; genomic DNA, 50 ng~500 ng	

- PCR cycle

Initial denaturation	95℃	2 min
Denaturation	95℃	30 sec
Annealing[a]	55℃~65℃	30~60 sec
Elongation	72℃	1 min/kb
Number of cycles	25~35 times	
Final elongation	72℃	5 min
When cycles are over, keep the reaction mixture at 4℃; may add 10 mM EDTA until use to prevent DNA degradation.		
[a]Recommended annealing temperatures is 5 to 10℃ below the lower Tm of the two primers used.		

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