

Product Specification Sheet

**Angiopoietin-2 (Ang-2) Antibodies**

<b>Cat.</b> ANG21-S	Rabbit Anti-Mouse Ang-2 Antiserum # 1	<b>SIZE:</b> 100 ul
<b>Cat.</b> ANG21-A	Rabbit Anti-Mouse Ang-2 IgG # 1 (aff pure)	<b>SIZE:</b> 100 ug
<b>Cat.</b> ANG21-P	Mouse Ang-2 Control/blocking peptide # 1	<b>SIZE:</b> 100 ug

Embryonic vascular system undergoes a series of complex, highly regulated series of events involving differentiation, migration and association of primitive endothelial cells. This process is termed vasculogenesis. A further remodeling of the primitive vascular system forms the mature cardiovascular system. This process is known as **angiogenesis** (sprouting of new capillary vessels from pre-existing vasculature). Angiogenesis accounts for the formation of vasculature into previously avascular organs such as brain and kidney. Angiogenic activity in the adult is required during the normal tissue repair, and for the remodeling of the female reproductive organs (ovulation and placental development).

**Angiopoietin-1** is an angiogenic secreted protein that interact with endothelial specific Tie-2 receptor. It is primarily expressed in developing endothelial cells. During embryonic development, Ang-1 binds and induces tyrosine phosphorylation of Tie-2. Ang-1 may play a critical role in heart development. A homolog of Ang-1, termed **Angiopoietin-2** (mouse and human **Ang-2**, 496 AA; ~85% identity) has recently been identified. It may act an antagonist for Ang-1 and Tie-2. Ang-1 and Ang-2 have ~60% sequence homology. It is prominently expressed in tissues that are involved in vascular remodeling (ovary, placenta, and uterus).

**Source of Antigen and Antibodies**

<b>Antigen</b>	20-aa peptide of Mouse Ang-2; <b>Designated (ANG21-P or control peptide)</b> conjugated to KLH. Epitope location ~ N-terminal
<b>Ab Host/type</b>	Rabbit, polyclonal Unpurified antiserum (cat # ANG21-S) Aff pure IgG ( <b>cat #ANG21-A</b> )
<b>2-ab</b>	Anti-rabbit IgG-HRP cat # 20320 (AP, biotin, FITC conjugates also available)
<b>-ve control</b>	Cat # 20009-1, Rabbit (non-immune) Serum IgG, purified, suitable for ELISA, Western, IHC as -ve control

**Form & Storage of Antibodies/Peptide Control**

**Antiserum (unpurified)**  
100ul solution lyophilized powder  
Supplied in Buffer: 0.05% azide  
**Reconstitute** powder in 100 ul PBS

**Affinity pure IgG**  
100 ug/100ul solution lyophilized powder  
Supplied in **Buffer:** PBS+0.1% BSA  
**Reconstitute** powder in PBS at 1mg/ml

**Control/blocking peptide**  
100 ug/100 ul solution lyophilized powder  
Supplied in Buffer: PBS pH 7.5,  
**Reconstitute** powder in PBS at 1 mg/ml.

**Storage**

**Short-term:** unopened, undiluted liquid vials at 20°C and powder at 4°C or -20°C..

**Long-term:** at -20°C or below in suitable aliquots after reconstitution. Do not freeze and thaw and store working, diluted solutions.

**Stability:** 6-12 months at -20°C or below.

**Shipping:** 4°C for solutions and room temp for powder

**Recommended Usage**

**Western Blotting** (1:1K-5K for neat serum and 1-10 ug/ml for affinity pure using ECL). The predicted size of Ang-2 is ~55 kDa. Like Ang-1, its size may appear higher on PAGE gels due to glycosylation (1). See refs 2

**ELISA** (1:10K-1:100K; using 50-100 ng of control peptide/well).

**Histochemistry & Immunofluorescence:** We recommend the use of affinity pure antibody at 2-20 ug/ml (see refs 2).

**Specificity & Cross-reactivity**

The ANG21-P control immunogenic peptide sequences is 100% conserved in rat, 85% in pig, 73% in human, and 55% in chicken Ang-2. Ang-2 control peptide has no significant sequence homology with Ang-1, Ang-3, ang-4 or ARPs. Antibody cross-reactivity in various species has not been studied. The control peptide, because of its low mol. Wt (<3 kDa), is not suitable for Western. It should be used for ELISA or antibody blocking experiments (use 5-10 ug control peptide per 1 ug of aff pure IgG or 1 ul antiserum) to confirm antibody specificity (see detailed protocol at:the web site).

**General References:** Maisonpierre C et al (1997) Science 277, 55; Davis S et al (1996) Cell 87, 1161-1169; Nomura N et al (1994) DNA Res. 1, 27-35; Suri, S et al (1996) Cell 87, 1171; Davis, SI (1996) Cell 87, 1161.

**(2) Citations of ADI's Antibodies for Ang-2**

**Yuan Hai Tao**, 2002, Kidney Intl.. 61(6):2078-2089, **WB, IHC**  
**Oka N**, 2005, BJU Int. 95, 660-663, **IHC**; **Shoji T**, 2006, Diabetes, 55: 2245 - 2255, **IHC**; **Shiojima I**, 2005, J. Clin. Invest.115: 2108 - 2118, **WB**; **Lash GE**,2006, J. Leukoc. Biol., 80, 572-590,,**IHC**;  
**Zheng W**, 2004, AJP Heart Circ Physiol, 286: 1994, **WB**; **Lei Li**,2004,Circulation, 110: 796 - 802,**WB**; **Hayashi T**, 2003, J. Cerebral Blood Flow & Metabol 23:166-180, **IHC**; **Matsuoka-Sakata A**, 2006,Reproduction, 131: 351 - 360., **WB**; **Dedkov EI**, 2006,Am J Physiol Heart Circ Physiol, 291: H1686-H1693, **WB**

\*This product is for in vitro research use only.

ANG21-S-A-P

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**India Contact:**

**Life Technologies (India) Pvt. Ltd.**

306, Aggarwal City Mall, Opposite M2K Pitampura, Delhi – 110034 (INDIA). Ph: +91-11-42208000, 42208111, 42208222, Mobile: +91-9810521400, Fax: +91-11-42208444  
Email: [customerservice@lifetechindia.com](mailto:customerservice@lifetechindia.com) Website: [www.lifetechindia.com](http://www.lifetechindia.com)