

Product Specification Sheet

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| <input type="checkbox"/> Cat. # CPOX11-S | Rabbit Anti Camelpox virus (CPOX) protein (>95%, his tag) | SIZE: 100 ul |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Cat.# CPOX11-C | Recombinant Purified Camelpox virus (CPOX) protein control for western blot | SIZE: 100 ul |

Camelpox (CPOX) is an economically important contagious skin disease of camelids and is characterized by mild local skin infection and less common severe systemic infections. The CPOX virus belongs to the family Poxviridae, subfamily Chordopoxvirinae, genus Orthopoxvirus (OPV) and is genetically related to variola virus. The disease is characterized by fever, local or generalised pox lesions on the skin and in the mucous membranes of the mouth and respiratory tract. The clinical manifestations range from inapparent infection to mild, moderate and, less commonly, severe systemic infection and death. The disease occurs more frequently and more severely in young animals and pregnant females. The disease is confined to camel-rearing belts particularly in developing countries and causes economic impact due to considerable loss in terms of morbidity, mortality, loss of weight and reduction in milk yield. Outbreaks have been reported in the Middle East, in Asia, in Africa and in the southern parts of Russia and India. The disease is endemic in these countries and a pattern of sporadic outbreaks occurs with a rise in the seasonal incidence usually during the rainy season. Transmission is by either direct contact between infected and susceptible animals or indirect infection via a contaminated environment. The role of insects in transmission has been suspected because the disease is often observed after rainfall. CPOX is very host specific and does not infect other animals.

The 205,719-bp CPOX genome contains more than 211 putative genes, which code for different proteins with host range, immunomodulation, virulence and other functions. The genome is AT-rich (66.9 %) having cross-links that join the two DNA strands at both ends. The genome contains inverted terminal repeats (ITRs) of 6045 bp and has 206 predicted open reading frames (ORFs). The central region of the genome contains genes that are highly conserved amongst all sequenced OPVs

Although the disease can be diagnosed based on clinical signs, the similar confounding skin lesions necessitate identification of infection by molecular biology based diagnostic techniques, namely restriction enzyme analysis of the virus genome, species-specific diagnostic PCRs including real-time quantitative PCR, and sequence and phylogenetic analysis for diagnosis and differentiation of CPOX. A wide range of serological tests like virus neutralisation and ELISA is also available to identify CPOX. Both inactivated and live-attenuated vaccines are available in some countries. However, live vaccines are preferred as they provide long-lasting immunity

Source of Antigen and Antibodies

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| Antigen | Recombinant purified CPOX ~27.2 kDa (224aa) |
| Ab Host/type | Rabbit, polyclonal, Unpurified antiserum (cat #CPOX11-S) |
| 2-ab | Goat Anti-rabbit IgG-HRP cat # 20320 (AP, biotin, FITC conjugates also available) |
| -ve control IgG | # 20009-1, Rabbit (non-immune) IgG, purified, suitable for ELISA, Western, IHC as -ve control |

Camelpox virus (CPOX) protein is expressed in *E.coli* and purified using proprietary technique (>95%, ~27.2 kDa). Purified recombinant Camelpox virus for Western blot +ve control (#CPOX11-C) is supplied in SDS-PAGE sample buffer. Store at -20oC in suitable size aliquots. SDS may crystallize in cold

conditions. It should redissolve by warming before taking it from the stock. It should be heated once prior to loading on gels.

Form & Storage of Antibodies/Peptide Control

Antiserum (unpurified)

- 100ul solution lyophilized powder

Supplied 0.05% azide, **Reconstitute** powder in 100 ul PBS

Storage

Short-term: unopened, undiluted liquid vials at -20°C and powder at 4oC or -20oC..

Long-term: at -20°C or below in suitable aliquots after reconstitution. Do not freeze and thaw and store working, diluted solutions.

Stability: 6-12 months at -20oC or below.

Shipping: 4oC for solutions and room temp for powder

Recommended Usage

ELISA, Western blot

Cellular Activity

Specificity & Cross-reactivity

Camelpox virus (CPOX, 224-aa, protein accession # AAG37571.1) is 100% conserved in camelpox virus, 98% conserved in Cowpox virus and 97% conserved in rabbitpox virus and horsepox virus.

General References: Gubser C, Smith GL (2002) J.Gen.Virol. 83, 855-872.

Related material available from ADI search use only.

| Catalog# | Prod Description | |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------|
| AE-311170-01N | Recombivirus camelpox virus H3L/p35 IgG negative control serum | |
| AE-311170-02P | Recombivirus camelpox virus H3L/p35 IgG positive control serum | |
| AE-311170-1 | Recombivirus camelpox virus H3L/p35 IgG ELISA kit, 96 tests | |
| CPOX11-C | Recombivirus camelpox virus H3L/p35 western blot control | |
| CPOX11-S | Recombivirus camelpox virus H3L/p35 IgG antiserum | |
| CPOX15-R-10 | Recombivirus camelpox virus H3L/p35 protein | |
| CPOX11-S-Camelpox-virus-antiserum | | 151125SV |

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