

Product Specification Sheet

Epithelial Na-Channel β (ENAC β) Antibodies

Cat. # ENACb21-P	Rat ENAC β Control Peptide #1	SIZE: 100 ug
Cat. # ENACb21-S	Rabbit Anti-rat ENAC β Antiserum #1	SIZE: 100 ul
Cat. # ENACb21-A	Rabbit Anti-rat ENAC β Ig G #1 (affinity pure)	SIZE: 100 ug

Tissue acidosis (decrease in pH below the physiological level) that occurs in ischemia, tissue damage or inflammation is accompanied by pain. At the molecular level, H⁺-gated cation channels are activated by low pH in nociceptive neurons. H⁺-gated cation channels, members of the **NaC/DEG superfamily of Na channels** that include **amiloride-sensitive epithelial Na-channel proteins (α , β , and γ , and δ -ENAC subunits)**, are expressed in epithelia of the vertebrate kidney, colon, lung, tongue, and brain. The **ENaC** subunits may form heterotrimeric active Na channel. ENaCs are involved in Na and water reabsorption, and salty taste transduction) of vertebrate colon, lung, kidney and tongue. The superfamily of DEG/ NaC proteins are characterized by intracellular N and C-termini, two TM domains, and a large extracellular loop.

ENaC- β subunit (mouse/rat 638 aa, human 640 aa), **ENaC- γ** subunit (mouse 655 aa, rat 650 aa, and human 649 aa) are expressed in lung, kidney, colon and other tissues. ENaC- β from various species are ~80% identical, and only ~30% similarity with the ENaC- α . **ENaC- δ** (human 638 aa) is expressed mainly in brain, pancreas, testis, and ovary. It is 27-30% homologous with the other ENaCs. It can associate with β , and γ ENaC to form a functional channel.

Source of Antigen and Antibodies

Antigen	20aa peptide of rat ENAC β Designated (ENACb21-P or control peptide). epitope location ~ N-terminus
Ab Host/type	Rabbit, polyclonal Unpurified antiserum (cat #ENACb21-S) Aff pure IgG1 (cat #ENACb21-A) purified over antigen-agarose column
2-ab	Goat Anti-rabbit IgG-HRP cat # 20320 (AP, biotin, FITC conjugates also available)
-ve control IgG	# 20009-1, Rabbit (non-immune) IgG, purified, suitable for ELISA, Western, IHC as -ve control

Form & Storage of Antibodies/Peptide Control

Antiserum (unpurified)

100ul solution lyophilized powder
Supplied 0.05% azide, **Reconstitute** powder in 100 ul PBS

Affinity pure IgG

100 ug/100ul solution lyophilized powder
Supplied in **Buffer:** PBS+0.1% BSA **Reconstitute powder** in PBS at 1mg/ml

Control/blocking peptide

100 ug/100 ul solution lyophilized powder
Supplied in Buffer: PBS pH 7.5,
Reconstitute powder in PBS at 1 mg/ml.

Storage

Short-term: unopened, undiluted liquid vials at -200C and powder at 4oC or -20oC..

Long-term: at -20C or below in suitable aliquots after reconstitution. Do not freeze and thaw and store working, diluted solutions.

Stability: 6-12 months at -20oC or below.

Shipping: 4oC for solutions and room temp for powder

Recommended Usage

Western Blotting (1:1K-5K for neat serum and 1-10 ug/ml for affinity pure antibody using ECL technique).

ELISA: Control peptide can be used to coat ELISA plates at 1 ug/ml and detected with antibodies (1:10-50K for neat serum and 0.5-1 ug/ml for affinity pure).

Histochemistry & Immunofluorescence: Not tested. We recommend the use of affinity purified antibody at 2-20 ug/ml in paraformaldehyde fixed sections of tissues.

Specificity & Cross-reactivity

The 20 AA rat ENACb21-P control peptide sequence homology is: 100% in mouse, 94% in rabbit, 81% in human, 70% in ovine, 64% in xenopus ENAC β . No significant homology is detected with ENAC α , γ , δ subunits. Antibody cross-reactivity in various species has not been studied. Control peptide, because of its low mol. Wt (<3 kDa), is not suitable for Western. It should be used for ELISA or antibody blocking experiments (use 5-10 ug control peptide per 1 ug of aff pure IgG or 1 ul antiserum) to confirm antibody specificity (see detailed protocol at the web site).

General References: Canessa CM et al (1993) Nature 361, 463-467; Kreutz R et al (1997) Hypertension 29, 131-136; McDonald FJ et al (1994) Am. J. Physiol. 268, 1157-1163; Voilley N et al (1995) Genomics 28, 560-565; Hansson JH et al (1995) Nature Genetics 11, 76-82; Hansson Jh et al (1995) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 92, 11495-11499; Chang SS et al (1996) Nature Genet. 12, 248-253;

2. Citations of for ADI Antibodies (see updates at the web site)

Amin MS, 2005, Am J Physiol Regulatory Integrative Comp Physiol, 289: R1787 - R1797, , IHC
Choi JY, 2005, Hearing Res. 211, 26-32, WB,
Randrianarison NH, 2007, Am J Physiol Lung Cell Mol Physiol, Nov 2007, WB,
Schmitt R, 2003, Am J Physiol Renal Physiol, ; 284: 1097 - 1104, WB, IHC

*This product is for In vitro research use only.

Related material available from ADI

Chloride channel, ASIC, ENACs, K-Channels, Taste receptors, CNG-channels antibodies
ENACb21-S-A-P 71217A

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