

GV3101 ElectroCompetent Agrobacterium



Catalog #	1282-12	1282-36
Package Size	6x50 µl	18x50 µl

Description

Intact Genomics (ig®) GV3101 ElectroComp Agrobacterium cells are optimized for the highest transformation efficiencies which is ideal for applications requiring high transformation efficiencies, such as with cDNA or gDNA library construction. The GV3101 strain has a C58 chromosomal background with rifampicin resistance and the Ti plasmid pMP90 (pTiC58DT-DNA) with gentamicin resistance. The GV3101 Ti plasmid has the T-DNA region sequences deleted and transformation with a binary vector containing the missing T-region results in a functional T-DNA binary system that allows for transfer of genetic material into a host plant's genome. Therefore, this system is often used for Agrobacterium-mediated transformation of several dicots such as Arabidopsis thaliana, tobacco, potato, and monocots like corn.

Specifications

Competent cell type:	Electrocompetent
Species:	<i>A. tumefaciens</i>
Strain:	GV3101
Format:	Tubes
Transformation efficiency:	≥ 1 x 10 ⁷ cfu/µg pCAMBIA1391z DNA
Blue/white screening:	No
Shipping condition:	Dry ice

Reagents Included

- ig® GV3101 Electrocompetent Agrobacterium
- DNA (pCAMBIA1391z, 500 pg/µl)
- Recovery medium

Storage

- ig® GV3101 ElectroComp. Agrobacterium: -80 °C
- pCAMBIA1391z control DNA: -20 °C
- Recovery medium: 4 °C

Quality Control

Transformation efficiency is tested by using the pCAMBIA1391z control DNA supplied with the kit and using the protocol in this manual. Transformation efficiency should be ≥ 1 x 10⁷ CFU/µg pCAMBIA1391z DNA. Untransformed cells are tested for appropriate antibiotic sensitivity.

General Guidelines

Follow these guidelines when using GV3101 ElectroCompetent Agrobacterium:

- Handle competent cells gently as they are highly sensitive to changes in temperature or mechanical lysis caused by pipetting.
- Thaw competent cells on ice, and transform cells immediately following thawing. After adding DNA, mix by tapping the tube gently. Do not mix cells by pipetting or vortexing.

Calculation of Transformation Efficiency

Transformation Efficiency (TE) is defined as the number of colony forming units (cfu) produced by transforming 1 µg of plasmid into a given volume of competent cells.
TE = Colonies/µg/Plated
Transform 1 µl of (500 pg/µl) pCAMBIA1391z control plasmid into 25 µl of cells, add 974 µl of Recovery Medium. Recover for 3 hours and plate 100 µl. Count the colonies on the plate in two days. If you count 500 colonies, the TE is calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Colonies} &= 500 \\ \mu\text{g of DNA} &= 0.0005 \\ \text{Dilution} &= 100/1000 = 0.1 \\ \text{TE} &= 500/.0005/.1 = 1 \times 10^7 \end{aligned}$$

Transformation Protocol

Use this procedure to transform GV3101 ElectroCompetent Agrobacterium. Do not use these cells for chemically transformation.

- Place sterile cuvettes and microcentrifuge tubes on ice.
- Remove competent cells from the -80 °C freezer and thaw completely on wet ice (10-15 minutes).
- Aliquot 1 µl (10pg -1 µg) of DNA to the chilled microcentrifuge tubes on ice.
- When the cells are thawed, add 25 µl of cells to each DNA tube on ice and mix gently by tapping 4-5 times. For the pCAMBIA1391z control, add 1 µl of (500 pg/µl) DNA to the 25 µl of cells on ice. Mix well by tapping. Do not pipette up and down or vortex to mix, this can harm cells and decrease transformation efficiency.
- Pipette 26 µl of the cell/DNA mixture into a chilled electroporation cuvette without introducing bubbles. Quickly flick the cuvette downward with your wrist to deposit the cells across the bottom of the well and then electroporate.
- Immediately add 974 µl of Recovery Medium or any other medium of choice to the cuvette, pipette up and down three times to re-suspend the cells. Transfer the cells and Recovery Medium to an Eppendorf tube.
- Incubate tubes at 30 °C for 3 hours at 200 RPM.
- Dilute the cells as appropriate then spread 20-200 µl cells onto a pre-warmed selective plate. For the pCAMBIA1391z control, you may plate 100 µl of undiluted transformation mix onto a YT plate containing 15 µg/ml rifampicin and 50 µg/ml kanamycin. Use sterilized spreader or autoclaved ColiRoller™ plating beads to spread evenly.
- Incubate the plates for 2 - 3 days at 30 °C.

Electroporation Settings

Mode	Exponential protocol
Voltage (V)	1,800 V
Capacitance	25 uFD
Resistance	200 Ohms
Cuvette	1 mm

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Related Products

- GV3101 Chem. Competent Agrobacterium (Cat.# 1082-12)
- LBA4404 Chem. Competent Agrobacterium (Cat.# 1085-12)
- EHA105 ElectroCompetent Agrobacterium (Cat.# 1284-12)
- Agrobacterium Combo Pack (Cat.# 1290-24)
- T4 DNA Ligase (Cat.# 3212)

Technical Support

Intact Genomics is committed to supporting the worldwide scientific research community by supplying the highest quality reagents. Each new lot of our products is tested to ensure they meet the quality standards and specifications designated for the product.

Please follow the instructions carefully and contact us if additional assistance is needed. We appreciate your business and your feedback regarding the performance of our products in your applications.

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