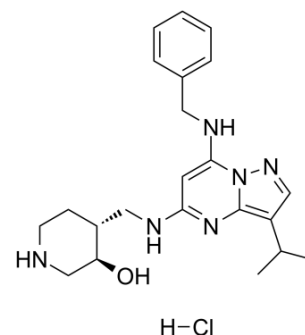


Samuraciclib hydrochloride

Cat. No.:	HY-103712A
CAS No.:	1805789-54-1
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₂ H ₃₁ ClN ₆ O
Molecular Weight:	430.97
Target:	CDK; Apoptosis
Pathway:	Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Apoptosis
Storage:	4°C, stored under nitrogen, away from moisture * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (stored under nitrogen, away from moisture)



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

H₂O : 55 mg/mL (127.62 mM; Need ultrasonic)
DMSO : 25 mg/mL (58.01 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.3203 mL	11.6017 mL	23.2035 mL
	5 mM	0.4641 mL	2.3203 mL	4.6407 mL
	10 mM	0.2320 mL	1.1602 mL	2.3203 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.80 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.80 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.80 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Samuraciclib hydrochloride (CT7001 hydrochloride) is a potent, selective, ATP-competitive and orally active CDK7 inhibitor, with an IC₅₀ of 41 nM. Samuraciclib hydrochloride displays 45-, 15-, 230- and 30-fold selectivity over CDK1, CDK2 (IC₅₀ of 578 nM), CDK5 and CDK9, respectively. Samuraciclib hydrochloride inhibits the growth of breast cancer cell lines with GI₅₀ values between 0.2-0.3 μM. Samuraciclib hydrochloride has anti-tumor effects^{[1][2]}.

IC₅₀ & Target

CDK7/cyclin H 41 nM (IC ₅₀)	cdk2/cyclin A 578 nM (IC ₅₀)	CDK1/cyc A 1.8 μM (IC ₅₀)	CDK4/Cyc D1 49 μM (IC ₅₀)
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	CDK5/p35NCK 9.4 μ M (IC ₅₀)	CDK6/cycD1 34 μ M (IC ₅₀)	CDK9/CycT1 1.2 μ M (IC ₅₀)																								
In Vitro	<p>Samuraciclib (ICEC0942; 0-10 μM; 24 hours; HCT116 cells) treatment promotes cell apoptosis^[1]. Samuraciclib (ICEC0942; 0-10 μM; 24 hours; HCT116 cells) treatment induces cell cycle arrest^[1]. Samuraciclib (ICEC0942; 0-10 μM; 0-24 hours; HCT116 cells) treatment inhibits the phosphorylation of PolII CTD in a dose and time dependent manner in HCT116 colon cancer cells. ICEC0942 also inhibits phosphorylation of CDK1, CDK2 and retinoblastoma^[1]. Samuraciclib (ICEC0942) inhibits the growth of MCF7, T47D, MDA-MB-231, HS578T, MDA-MB-468, MCF10A and HMEC cells with GI₅₀ values of 0.18 μM, 0.32 μM, 0.33 μM, 0.21 μM, 0.22 μM, 0.67 μM and 1.25 μM, respectively^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Apoptosis Analysis^[1]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>HCT116 cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>0 μM, 0.1 μM, 1 μM and 10 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>24 hours</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Induced caspase 3/7 and demonstrated PARP cleavage.</td> </tr> </table> <p>Cell Cycle Analysis^[1]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>HCT116 cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>0 μM, 0.01 μM, 0.1 μM, 1 μM and 10 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>24 hours</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Showed accumulation of cells in G2/M.</td> </tr> </table> <p>Western Blot Analysis^[1]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>HCT116 cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>0 μM, 0.1 μM, 1 μM and 10 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>0 hour, 4 hours, 8 hours, 16 hours or 24 hours</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>PolII CTD phosphorylation was inhibited in a dose and time dependent manner in HCT116 colon cancer cells.</td> </tr> </table>			Cell Line:	HCT116 cells	Concentration:	0 μ M, 0.1 μ M, 1 μ M and 10 μ M	Incubation Time:	24 hours	Result:	Induced caspase 3/7 and demonstrated PARP cleavage.	Cell Line:	HCT116 cells	Concentration:	0 μ M, 0.01 μ M, 0.1 μ M, 1 μ M and 10 μ M	Incubation Time:	24 hours	Result:	Showed accumulation of cells in G2/M.	Cell Line:	HCT116 cells	Concentration:	0 μ M, 0.1 μ M, 1 μ M and 10 μ M	Incubation Time:	0 hour, 4 hours, 8 hours, 16 hours or 24 hours	Result:	PolII CTD phosphorylation was inhibited in a dose and time dependent manner in HCT116 colon cancer cells.
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In Vivo	<p>Samuraciclib (ICEC0942; 100 mg/kg; oral gavage; daily; for 14 days; female nu/nu-BALB/c athymic nude mice) treatment inhibits tumor growth by 60% at day 14, and is accompanied by highly significant reductions in PolII Ser2 and Ser5 phosphorylation in PBMCs and in tumors^[1]. The combination of Samuraciclib (ICEC0942) and ICI 47699 treatment shows complete growth arrest of estrogen receptor (ER)-positive tumor xenografts^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Female nu/nu-BALB/c athymic nude mice (7-week old) with MCF7 cells^[1]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>100 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Oral gavage; daily; for 14 days</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>At day 14, tumor growth was inhibited by 60%.</td> </tr> </table>			Animal Model:	Female nu/nu-BALB/c athymic nude mice (7-week old) with MCF7 cells ^[1]	Dosage:	100 mg/kg	Administration:	Oral gavage; daily; for 14 days	Result:	At day 14, tumor growth was inhibited by 60%.																
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CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2019 Jun 25;116(26):12986-12995.
- Cell Death Dis. 2019 Aug 9;10(8):602.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Hazel P, et al. Inhibitor Selectivity for Cyclin-Dependent Kinase 7: A Structural, Thermodynamic, and Modelling Study. ChemMedChem. 2017 Mar 7;12(5):372-380.
- [2]. Patel H, et al. ICEC0942, an Orally Bioavailable Selective Inhibitor of CDK7 for Cancer Treatment. Mol Cancer Ther. 2018 Jun;17(6):1156-1166.
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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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