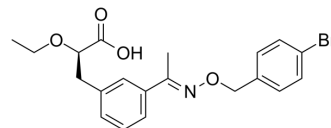


## KS15

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-115672		
<b>CAS No.:</b>	1033781-20-2		
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>22</sub> BrNO <sub>4</sub>		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	420.3		
<b>Target:</b>	Others		
<b>Pathway:</b>	Others		
<b>Storage:</b>	Powder	-20°C	3 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : 100 mg/mL (237.93 mM; Need ultrasonic)  
 H<sub>2</sub>O : < 0.1 mg/mL (insoluble)

Concentration	Solvent	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.3793 mL	11.8963 mL	23.7925 mL
	5 mM	0.4759 mL	2.3793 mL	4.7585 mL
	10 mM	0.2379 mL	1.1896 mL	2.3793 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

#### In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline  
 Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (5.95 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)  
 Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (5.95 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil  
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.95 mM); Clear solution

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

KS15 is an inhibitor of the interactions between cryptochromes (CRYs: CRY1 and CRY2) and the CLOCK:BMAL1 heterodimer. KS15 impairs the feedback actions of CRYs on E-box-dependent transcription (EC<sub>50</sub>=4.9 μM) by CLOCK:BMAL1 heterodimer, an indispensable transcriptional regulator of the mammalian circadian clock. Anti-proliferative activity<sup>[1][2]</sup>.

#### In Vitro

Applications of KS15 at different concentrations from 1 μM to 10 μM restored the E-box-driven luciferase activities in a dose-dependent manner, indicating that KS15 evidently impairs the suppressive actions of CRYs on CLOCK:BMAL1-induced transcription. KS15 inhibits the interactions between CRYs and BMAL1, resulting in the enhanced transcriptional activity in

the core loop of the molecular circadian clock<sup>[1]</sup>.

KS15 directly binds to the C-terminal region of cryptochromes (CRYs: CRY1 and CRY2) and enhances E-box-mediated transcription<sup>[2]</sup>.

KS15 decreases the speed of cell growth and increased the chemosensitivity of MCF-7 cells to Doxorubicin and Tamoxifen.

KS15 exerts an anti-proliferative effect and increases sensitivity to anti-tumor drugs in a specific type of breast cancer<sup>[2]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## REFERENCES

[1]. Chun SK, et al. A synthetic cryptochrome inhibitor induces anti-proliferative effects and increases chemosensitivity in human breast cancer cells. *Biochem Biophys Res Commun.* 2015;467(2):441-446.

[2]. Jang J, et al. The cryptochrome inhibitor KS15 enhances E-box-mediated transcription by disrupting the feedback action of a circadian transcription-repressor complex. *Life Sci.* 2018;200:49-55.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

**India Contact:**

Life Technologies (India) Pvt. Ltd.

306, Aggarwal City Mall, Opposite M2K Pitampura, Delhi – 110034 (INDIA). Ph: +91-11-42208000, 42208111, 42208222, Mobile: +91-9810521400, Fax: +91-11-42208444

Email: customerservice@lifetechindia.com Website: www.lifetechindia.com