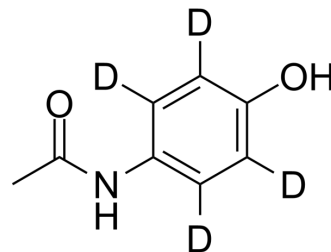


Acetaminophen-d4

| | | | |
|---------------------------|---|-------|----------|
| Cat. No.: | HY-66005S | | |
| CAS No.: | 64315-36-2 | | |
| Molecular Formula: | C ₈ H ₅ D ₄ NO ₂ | | |
| Molecular Weight: | 155.19 | | |
| Target: | COX; Histone Acetyltransferase; Endogenous Metabolite | | |
| Pathway: | Immunology/Inflammation; Epigenetics; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease | | |
| Storage: | Powder | -20°C | 3 years |
| | | 4°C | 2 years |
| | In solvent | -80°C | 6 months |
| | | -20°C | 1 month |



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Description | Acetaminophen-d4 is the deuterium labeled Acetaminophen. Acetaminophen (Paracetamol) is a selective cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2) inhibitor with an IC ₅₀ of 25.8 μM; is a widely used antipyretic and analgesic agent ^{[1][2][3]} . Acetaminophen is a potent hepatic N-acetyltransferase 2 (NAT2) inhibitor ^[4] . |
| In Vitro | Stable heavy isotopes of hydrogen, carbon, and other elements have been incorporated into drug molecules, largely as tracers for quantitation during the drug development process. Deuteration has gained attention because of its potential to affect the pharmacokinetic and metabolic profiles of drugs ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. |

REFERENCES

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- [3]. Miroslav Dinić, et al. Lactobacillus fermentum Postbiotic-induced Autophagy as Potential Approach for Treatment of Acetaminophen Hepatotoxicity. *Front Microbiol.* 2017 Apr 6;8:594.
- [4]. Uchida NS, et al. Hepatoprotective Effect of Citral on Acetaminophen-Induced Liver Toxicity in Mice. *Evid Based Complement Alternat Med.* 2017;2017:1796209.
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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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