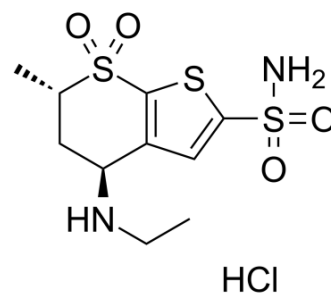


Dorzolamide hydrochloride

Cat. No.:	HY-B0109A		
CAS No.:	130693-82-2		
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₀ H ₁₇ ClN ₂ O ₄ S ₃		
Molecular Weight:	360.9		
Target:	Carbonic Anhydrase		
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 100 mg/mL (277.09 mM; Need ultrasonic)
H₂O : 12.5 mg/mL (34.64 mM; Need ultrasonic)

	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.7709 mL	13.8543 mL	27.7085 mL
	5 mM	0.5542 mL	2.7709 mL	5.5417 mL
	10 mM	0.2771 mL	1.3854 mL	2.7709 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.93 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.93 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.93 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Dorzolamide (L671152) hydrochloride is a potent carbonic anhydrase II inhibitor, with IC₅₀ values of 0.18 nM and 600 nM for red blood cell CA-II and CA-I respectively. Dorzolamide possesses anti-tumor activity^[1].

In Vitro

Component A, caused by an inward flux of CO₂ and its subsequent hydration by CA-II, is blocked by Dorzolamide in a dose-dependent manner with an 50% inhibitory concentration IC₅₀ of 2.4 μM (95% confidence interval: 0.5-10.85 μM)^[2]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

Dorzolamide (3, 10, or 30 mg/kg/day, ip) synergized mitomycin C exhibits anti-tumor activity in EAC solid tumor models. Dorzolamide produces a dose-dependent decrease in the calculated ratio (relative value of 57.3 ± 1 , 25.5 ± 1.8 , and 24.3 ± 0.7 %, respectively)^[3].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Female Swiss albino mice (EAC solid tumor) ^[3] .
Dosage:	3, 10, or 30 mg/kg/day (synergized mitomycin C).
Administration:	IP, daily for 3 weeks.
Result:	Upregulated TXNIP and p53 while downregulated bcl-2. Effective in retarding the growth of EAC in mice.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Anal Chem. 2020 Nov 21.

See more customer validations on www.MedChemExpress.com

REFERENCES

- [1]. J Biollaz, et al. Whole-blood pharmacokinetics and metabolic effects of the topical carbonic anhydrase inhibitor dorzolamide. *Eur J Clin Pharmacol.* 1995;47(5):455-60.
- [2]. Sangly P Srinivas, et al. Inhibition of carbonic anhydrase activity in cultured bovine corneal endothelial cells by dorzolamide. *Invest Ophthalmol Vis Sci.* 2002 Oct;43(10):3273-8.
- [3]. Belal M Ali, et al. Dorzolamide synergizes the antitumor activity of mitomycin C against Ehrlich's carcinoma grown in mice: role of thioredoxin-interacting protein. *Naunyn Schmiedebergs Arch Pharmacol.* 2015 Dec;388(12):1271-82.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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