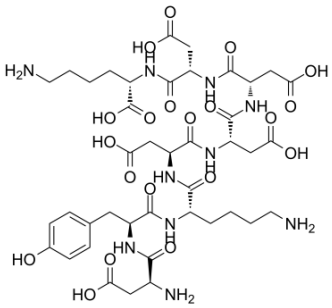
FLAG peptide



Cat. No.:	HY-P0223
CAS No.:	98849-88-8
Molecular Formula:	$C_{41}H_{60}N_{10}O_{20}$
Molecular Weight:	1012.97
Sequence:	Asp-Tyr-Lys-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Lys
Sequence Shortening:	DYKDDDDK
Target:	Others
Pathway:	Others
Storage:	Protect from light, stored under nitrogen Powder -80°C 2 years -20°C 1 year * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light, stored under nitrogen)

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

H_2O : 100 mg/mL (98.72 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent / Mass / Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	0.9872 mL	4.9360 mL	9.8720 mL
	5 mM	0.1974 mL	0.9872 mL	1.9744 mL
	10 mM	0.0987 mL	0.4936 mL	0.9872 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

FLAG peptide is an eight amino acids peptide (Asp-Tyr-Lys-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Lys) with an enterokinase-cleavage site; designed for antibody-mediated identification and purification of recombinant proteins.

In Vitro

Fusion protein technology has become an important tool for solving numerous problems linked to recombinant protein production. The properties of the additional tag facilitate identification and provide a one-step purification procedure of the fusion protein by passing cell extracts or supernatants through columns of an appropriate matrix. FLAG peptide allows elution under non-denaturing conditions. Several antibodies against FLAG peptide have been developed. One antibody, M1, binds the peptide in the presence of bivalent metal cations, preferably Ca^{2+}. Elution is effected by chelating agents. Another strategy is competitive elution with excess of free FLAGe peptide. Antibodies M2 and M5 are applied in this procedure[1]. The Flag-tag is first described as a calcium-dependent epitope of a monoclonal antibody. It is a highly acidic octapeptide which can be N-terminally fused to the protein of interest. As a very hydrophilic peptide the Flag–tag has a high surface probability. Flag-fusion proteins can be captured by an immunoaffinity column in the presence of Ca^{2+} and eluted byEDTA at low

	concentrations, neutral pH and thus, nearly physiological conditions[2]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Oncogene. 2019 Jan;38(5):747-764.
- Sci China Life Sci. 2020 Sep;63(9):1-12.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Einhauer A, et al. The FLAG peptide, a versatile fusion tag for the purification of recombinant proteins. J Biochem Biophys Methods. 2001 Oct 30;49(1-3):455-65.

[2]. Schuster M, et al. Protein expression in yeast; comparison of two expression strategies regarding proteinmaturation. J Biotechnol. 2000 Dec 28;84(3):237-48.

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