

## TNSALP/ALPL Protein, Human (HEK 293, His)

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-P7880
<b>Synonyms:</b>	rHuAlkaline phosphatase, tissue-nonspecific isozyme/ALPL, His; Alkaline Phosphatase; Tissue-Nonspecific Isozyme; AP-TNAP; TNSALP; Alkaline Phosphatase Liver/Bone/Kidney Isozyme; ALPL
<b>Species:</b>	Human
<b>Source:</b>	HEK 293
<b>Accession:</b>	P05186 (L18-S502)
<b>Gene ID:</b>	249
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	65-90 kDa

### PROPERTIES

#### AA Sequence

L V P E K E K D P K	Y W R D Q A Q E T L	K Y A L E L Q K L N	T N V A K N V I M F
L G D G M G V S T V	T A A R I L K G Q L	H H N P G E E T R L	E M D K F P F V A L
S K T Y N T N A Q V	P D S A G T A T A Y	L C G V K A N E G T	V G V S A A T E R S
R C N T T Q G N E V	T S I L R W A K D A	G K S V G I V T T T	R V N H A T P S A A
Y A H S A D R D W Y	S D N E M P P E A L	S Q G C K D I A Y Q	L M H N I R D I D V
I M G G G R K Y M Y	P K N K T D V E Y E	S D E K A R G T R L	D G L D L V D T W K
S F K P R Y K H S H	F I W N R T E L L T	L D P H N V D Y L L	G L F E P G D M Q Y
E L N R N N V T D P	S L S E M V V V A I	Q I L R K N P K G F	F L L V E G G R I D
H G H H E G K A K Q	A L H E A V E M D R	A I G Q A G S L T S	S E D T L T V V T A
D H S H V F T F G G	Y T P R G N S I F G	L A P M L S D T D K	K P F T A I L Y G N
G P G Y K V V G G E	R E N V S M V D Y A	H N N Y Q A Q S A V	P L R H E T H G G E
D V A V F S K G P M	A H L L H G V H E Q	N Y V P H V M A Y A	A C I G A N L G H C
A P A S S			

#### Biological Activity

Data is not available.

#### Appearance

Solution

#### Formulation

Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM HEPES, 150 mM NaCl, 2 mM MgSO<sub>4</sub>, 0.1 mM ZnCl<sub>2</sub>, pH 7.5.

#### Endotoxin Level

<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

#### Reconstitution

N/A

#### Storage & Stability

Stored at -80°C. It is stable at -20°C for 3 months after opening. It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -80°C for extended storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Shipping

Shipping with dry ice.

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## DESCRIPTION

### Background

Hypophosphatasia is the inborn error of metabolism characterized by low serum alkaline phosphatase activity (hypophosphatasemia). This biochemical hallmark reflects loss-of-function mutations within the gene that encodes the tissue-nonspecific isoenzyme of alkaline phosphatase (TNSALP). TNSALP is a cell-surface homodimeric phosphohydrolase that is richly expressed in the skeleton, liver, kidney and developing teeth. In hypophosphatasia, extracellular accumulation of TNSALP natural substrates includes inorganic pyrophosphate, an inhibitor of mineralization, which explains the dento-osseous and arthritic complications featuring tooth loss, rickets or osteomalacia, and calcific arthropathies<sup>[1]</sup>.

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## REFERENCES

[1]. Michael P Whyte. Hypophosphatasia - aetiology, nosology, pathogenesis, diagnosis and treatment. *Nat Rev Endocrinol*. 2016 Apr;12(4):233-46.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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