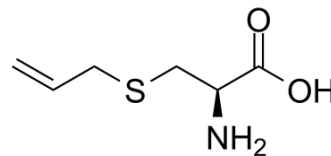


S-Allyl-L-cysteine

Cat. No.:	HY-W013573		
CAS No.:	21593-77-1		
Molecular Formula:	C ₆ H ₁₁ NO ₂ S		
Molecular Weight:	161.22		
Target:	Apoptosis		
Pathway:	Apoptosis		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

H₂O : 33.33 mg/mL (206.74 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Concentration	Solvent	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	6.2027 mL	31.0135 mL	62.0270 mL
	5 mM	1.2405 mL	6.2027 mL	12.4054 mL
	10 mM	0.6203 mL	3.1014 mL	6.2027 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

S-Allyl-L-cysteine, one of the organosulfur compounds found in AGE, possess various biological effects including neurotrophic activity, anti-cancer activity, anti-inflammatory activity.

In Vitro

It is found that S-Allyl-L-cysteine could protect against amyloid-protein (A)-and tunicamycin-induced cell death in differentiated PC12 cells. Simultaneously applied S-Allyl-L-cysteine (1 μM) suppresses the cell death induced by Aβ₂₅₋₃₅ and Aβ₁₋₄₀ in a concentration-dependent manner, and neuronal integrity is almost completely retained. Simultaneously applied S-Allyl-L-cysteine significantly decreases the Aβ-induced level of ROS. The TEAC value of S-Allyl-L-cysteine is lower than that of oxidized GSH, and no antioxidant activity is observed. Intracellular GSH levels remains unaffected by treatment of neurons with S-Allyl-L-cysteine for 24 h. Furthermore, the increase in caspase-12 protein expression is suppressed by simultaneously adding 1 μM S-Allyl-L-cysteine [1]. S-Allyl-L-cysteine up to a concentration 1.0 mM does not exhibit any cytotoxic impact on morphology of myoblast and myotubes in culture observed under bright field microscope. TNF treatment leads to a significant decrease in the intracellular CK activity while S-Allyl-L-cysteine pre-treatment to TNF treated myotubes decreases the release of CK in media. S-Allyl-L-cysteine pre-treatment decreases the level of active form of this enzyme in S-Allyl-L-cysteine+TNF group. Similar observations are recorded at mRNA level for caspase-3. These results illustrate that S-Allyl-L-cysteine regulates apoptotic signals via suppressing the transcription and thus protein expression of

caspase-3^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

[1]. Kosuge Y, et al. S-allyl-L-cysteine selectively protects cultured rat hippocampal neurons from amyloid beta-protein- and tunicamycin-induced neuronal death. *Neuroscience*. 2003;122(4):885-95.

[2]. Dutt V, et al. S-allyl cysteine inhibits TNF α -induced skeletal muscle wasting through suppressing proteolysis and expression of inflammatory molecules. *Biochim Biophys Acta*. 2018 Apr;1862(4):895-906.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

India Contact:

Life Technologies (India) Pvt. Ltd.

306, Aggarwal City Mall, Opposite M2K Pitampura, Delhi – 110034 (INDIA). Ph: +91-11-42208000, 42208111, 42208222, Mobile: +91-9810521400, Fax: +91-11-42208444

Email: customerservice@lifetechindia.com Website: www.lifetechindia.com