

Product Specification Sheet

Opossum NaPi-4/Npt2a Antibodies

Cat # NPT23-P	Opossum NaPi-4/Npt2a control/blocking peptide (CT) # 3 FORM: Soln Lyophilized	SIZE: 100 ug
Cat # NPT23-S	Rabbit Anti-Opossum NaPi-4/Npt2a antiserum(CT) #3 FORM: Soln Lyophilized	SIZE: 100 ul
Cat # NPT23-A	Rabbit Anti-Opossum NaPi-4/Npt2a IgG #3 (CT), aff pure FORM: Soln Lyophilized	SIZE: 100 ug

Inorganic phosphate (Pi) levels are hormonally regulated that affects the physiological activity of bone, kidney, and small intestine. Majority of the Pi is absorbed in the small intestine and reabsorbed in the proximal tubules in the kidney. At least 4 groups of structurally and functionally related proteins are involved in Pi transport: **Type I-related** NaPi transporters designated **NPT1**, **Npt1**, and **NaPi-1** respectively in humans, mouse, and rabbit are expressed in the kidney and liver. Its expression and activity are not regulated by Pi deprivation or parathyroid hormone (PTH) and its role in Pi-homeostasis is not clear. **Type IIa-related** cotransporters, designated **NaPi-2** in rat, **NaPi-3** or **NPT2** in humans, **NaPi-4** in opossum, **NaPi-5** in flounder vessel, **NaPi-6** or **Npt-2** in mouse, and **NaPi-7** in rabbit, is the primary target for Pi regulation by dietary, hormonal, and tubular Pi reabsorption. Deletion of Npt2 gene produces severe Pi wasting. Type II transporters are expressed in kidney, brain, lung, bone and small intestine. **Type IIb**, designated as **NaPi-IIb** or **NaPi-2b** in rat/mouse, and **NaPi-3b** in human, is closely related isoform of the NaPi-2 family. It is expressed in small intestine and lung. **Type III NaPi** transporters, originally described as a family of cell surface receptors for gibbon ape leukemia virus (**GALV**) and murine amphotropic retrovirus (**A-MuLv**), share very low (<20%) sequence homology with Type I and II proteins, and are found in most tissues. Human homologs are now designated as **PIT1** (also known as GALV receptors or GLVR1) and **PIT2** (A-MuLV receptors or GLVR2 or Ram1). Pit1 and Pit2 are ~62% related and predicted to contain 10 TM domains that is in contrast with Type 1/2 transporters (6-8 TM). The N and C-termini are predicted to be cytoplasmic.

Source of Antigen and Antibodies

Antigen	Opossum Type-IIa, NPT2/Napi-4 is ~653 aa. A 20 AA synthetic peptide (designated NPT23-P; control peptide) within the cytoplasmic, C-terminus region of Opossum NaPi-4/NPT2a was synthesized, conjugated to KLH
Ab Host/type	Rabbit, Polyclonal antiserum # NPT23-S and IgG, purified over antigen-agarose (Cat # NPT23-A)
2-Ab	Cat # 20320, goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP (AP, biotin, FITC conjugates also available).
-ve control IgG	Cat # 20009-1, Rabbit (non-immune) Serum IgG, purified, suitable for ELISA, Western, IHC as -ve control

Form & Storage of Antibodies/Peptide Control

Antiserum (unpurified)

100ul solution lyophilized powder
Supplied 0.05% azide, **Reconstitute** powder in 100 ul PBS

Affinity pure IgG

100 ug/100ul solution lyophilized powder
Supplied in **Buffer:** PBS+0.1% BSA
Reconstitute powder in PBS at 1 mg/ml

Control/blocking peptide

100 ug/100 ul solution lyophilized powder
Supplied in **Buffer:** PBS pH 7.5,
Reconstitute powder in PBS at 1 mg/ml.

Storage

Short-term: unopened, undiluted liquid vials at -20OC and powder at 4oC or -20oC..

Long-term: at -20C or below in suitable aliquots after reconstitution. Do not freeze and thaw and store working, diluted solutions.

Stability: 6-12 months at -20oC or below.

Recommended Usage

Western Blotting 1:1K-5K for antiserum and 1-10 ug/ml for affinity pure antibody using Chemiluminescence technique. NPT2a apparent mol wt is 80-90 kDa, and under reducing conditions 2 bands of 40-50 kDa are observed. It may also form multimeric structures (170 and 200 kDa). (see Murer et al 2000)

ELISA: Control peptide can be used to coat ELISA plates at 1 ug/ml and detected with antibodies (1:10-50K for neat serum and 0.5-1 ug/ml for affinity pure).

Histochemistry & Immunofluorescence: not tested.

Specificity & Cross-reactivity

The NPT23-P peptide is specific for opossum Napi-4/Npt2a. This sequence is not conserved in mouse, rat, human and other species Npt2a. No significant sequence homology of NPT23-P is observed with other Pi-transporters (Type-I, III, or IV) transporters. Antibody crossreactivity in various species is not established. Control peptide, because of its low mol. Wt (<3 kDa), is not suitable for Western. It should be used for ELISA or antibody blocking experiments (use 5-10 ug control peptide per 1 ug of aff pure IgG or 1 ul antiserum) to confirm antibody specificity (see detailed protocol see detailed protocol at the web site).

General References: (1). Sorribas V et al (1994) JBC 269, 6615-6621; Magnin S et al (1993) PNAS 90, 5979; Collins JF et al (1996) FASEB J 8, 862; Hartman CM et al (1996) PNAS 93, 7409; Murer H et al (2000) Physiol. Rev. 80, 1373 (review); Werner A et al (2001) Am. J. Physiol. Integ. Comp. Physiol. 280, R301 (review).

**This product is for In vitro research use only.*

NPT23-S-A-P

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