

Product Specification Sheet

**Pyruvate Kinase M1/M2 (OIP3; PK3; PKM1) Antibodies**

<b>Cat # PKM14-P</b>	Human PK-M1/M2 Control/Blocking Peptide	<b>SIZE:</b> 100 µg
<b>Cat # PKM14-A</b>	Rabbit anti-Human PK-M1/M2 IgG (affinity pure)	<b>SIZE:</b> 100 µg

**Pyruvate kinase** is an enzyme involved in glycolysis. It catalyzes the transfer of a phosphoryl group from phosphoenolpyruvate to ADP, yielding a pyruvate molecule. There are 4 isozymes of pyruvate kinase in mammals: L, R, M1 and M2. L type is major isozyme in the liver, R is found in red cells, M1 is the main form in muscle, heart and brain, and M2 is found in early fetal tissues as well as in most cancer cells.

Human PKM1/2 is 531 aa protein. Human PKM2 389-433 aa (IYHLQLFEELRR LAPITSDPTE ATAVGAVEASFKCCSGAIVLTK) is replaced by (MFHRKLFEEIVRASSHSTDLMEAMA MGSVEASYKCLAAAL IVLTE) in PKM1. The PKM2 isoenzyme of pyruvate kinase is specifically expressed at high levels in tumor cells, and can be measured in plasma of patients with advanced breast cancer. The marker is useful for measuring disease activity, sensitivity to chemotherapy and recurrence.

**Synonyms:**

Pyruvate kinase isozymes M1/M2, EC 2.7.1.40, Pyruvate kinase muscle isozyme, Pyruvate kinase 2/3, Cytosolic thyroid hormone-binding protein, CTHBP, THBP1, M2PK, PKM2, PK3, PK2, PKM, TCB, OIP3, MGC3932, Tumor Type M2 Pyruvate Kinase

**Source of Antigen and Antibodies**

<b>Antigen</b>	16-aa peptide of Human PK-M1/M2 (Protein accession # (P14618); ref. 1); designated as PKM14-P control/blocking peptide conjugated to KLH; epitope location ~ N-terminus
<b>Antibody host/type</b>	Rabbit, Polyclonal IgG (Cat # PKM14-A), purified over antigen-Agarose
<b>2-Ab</b>	Cat # 20320, goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP (AP, biotin, FITC conjugates also available).
<b>-ve control Ab</b>	Non-immune rabbit IgG (Cat # 20009-1) to be used as -ve control for ELISA, WB, IHC.

Human PKM2 (~62 kDa) was expressed in E. coli as his-tag and purified (>95%). For Western blot +ve control (**Cat # PKM14-C**) is supplied in SDS-PAGE sample buffer (reduced). Load 10 µl/lane of **PKM14-C** for good visibility with antibody Cat # **PKM14-A**. Store at -20°C in suitable size aliquots. SDS may crystallize in cold conditions. It should redissolve by warming before taking it from the stock. It should be heated once prior to loading on gels. If the product has been stored for several weeks, then it may be preferable to add 5 µl of fresh 2x sample buffer per 10 µl of the **PKM14-C** solution prior to heating and loading on gels. This preparation is not biologically active. It is not suitable for ELISA or other applications where native protein is required. Do not freeze, thaw, or heat repeatedly

**Form & Storage of Antibodies/Peptide Control**

**Affinity pure IgG**

100 µg/100 µl solution lyophilized powder  
Supplied in Buffer: PBS+0.1% BSA  
**Reconstitute powder** in PBS at 1 mg/ml

**Control/blocking peptide**

100 µg/100 µl solution lyophilized powder  
Supplied in Buffer: PBS pH 7.5,  
**Reconstitute powder** in PBS at 1 mg/ml.

**Storage**

**Long-term:** At -20°C or below in suitable aliquots after reconstitution. Do not freeze and thaw working and dilute solutions.

**Stability:** 6-32 months at -20°C or below.

**Shipping:** 4°C for solutions and room temp for powder.

**Recommended Usage**

**Western Blotting:** 1-10 µg/ml; using affinity pure antibody (chemiluminescence technique).

**ELISA:** 1:100K; using 50-100 ng control peptide/well.

**Histochemistry & Immunofluorescence:** Not tested; we recommend the use of affinity purified antibody at 2-10 µg/ml.

**Specificity & Cross-reactivity**

Human PKM14-P peptide sequence is located near the N-terminus of PKM1/2. This is conserved in PKM1 and M2 isoform. Antibody cross-reactivity in various species is not known. The control peptide, because of its low mol. Wt (<3 kDa), is not suitable for Western. It should be used for ELISA or antibody blocking experiments (use 5-30 µg control peptide per 1 µg of aff pure IgG or 1 µl antiserum) to confirm antibody specificity (see detailed protocol at the web site).

**General References:** (1) Tani K, et al., (1988) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 85:1792-1795; Takenaka M. et al., (1991) Eur. J. Biochem. 198:101-106

\*This product is for in vitro research use only.

**Related material available from ADI**

Antibodies to all forms of Pyruvate Kinases

PKM14-A-P-C 80122A